

Participatory Land Use Mapping



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Between 1960 and 1990, agriculture area in Thailand has doubled while the area of forest cover has reduced more than half. This trend, faced by all Southeast Asian nations, poses serious questions about land use allocation. People need to plan how to use their limited land.

Various Tools and knowledge have been developed to solve this problem and mapping has been recognized as a simple, easy and straightforward universal language for bringing together stakeholders.

Methodology of a participatory mapping to link local and expert knowledge

The following are the steps for making a community map. This protocol is based on our experiences in the remote area in Northern Thailand including ethnic minority groups of Karen, Hmong, Lua and Northern Thai. This protocol can be adapted and developed for other situations in other areas depending on the objectives.

