

Who makes a living here?

Wahig-Inabanga Watershed

SouthEast Asia Philippines

Mean annual Rainfall: ~2,000

Upland Communities and People

These people are considered some of the most marginalized communities which is



Eskaya people are recognized under the Indigenous People

largely due to the lack of accessible transportation and poor road conditions.

- Most family members have migrated to the city to be able to find alternative livelihoods.
 Only a few have remained to tend to the farms. Most farms in the uplands are for subsistence farming rather than a main source of livelihood.
- The development of ecotourism has increased the potential of communities to earn more through potential employment with private and government agencies.





Rights Act. And later was awarded a certificate of Ancestral Domain of Villages of Canta-ub of Sierra Bullones, Lundag of Pilar, Cadapdapan-Tambongan and Fatimah of Candijay Bohol in 1996.

Low-Land Communities and People

- The rolling lowlands are native to the area (66.67%) where the traditional farming practice is still handed down from parent to child.
- Younger generations have moved to find employment as labourers in the or transportation or tourism industry.
- Low lying communities predominantly practice monoculture of rice and alternate with corn. On the occasion of calamities, root crops such as *ube* (*Dioscorea alata*) are their alternative crop.
- Alongside rice, small-scale palm oil farms have started to spread in the lowlands. Although not



Majority of farming households have trees on farm (84.52%), with 12.93%practicing agroforestry. More female farmers (13.81%) practice agroforestry compared to male. On the other hand, there are more male farmers (88.97%) have

wide spread, there is a considerable rise in the number of farmed palm oil on private lands.





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